- the U.S.G.S. Map, "Buckley"), T19N/R6E;
- (20) Then southwest along State Highway 162 approximately 8 miles to its intersection with an unnamed secondary road (referred to in the petition as Orville Road E.), T19N/R5E;
- (21) Then south along Orville Road E., approximately 8 miles to its intersection with the CMSTP&P railroad at the town of Kapowsin, on the U.S.G.S. map, "Hoquiam," T17N/R5E;
- (22) Then south along the CMSTP&P railroad approximately 17 miles to where it crosses the Pierce County line at the town of Elbe, T15N/R5E;
- (23) Then west along the Pierce County line approximately 1 mile to the eastern tip of Thurston County, T15N/R5E:
- (24) Then west along the Thurston County line approximately 38 miles to where it crosses Interstate Highway 5, T15N/R2W;
- (25) Then north along Interstate Highway 5 approximately 18 miles to its intersection with U.S. Highway 101 at the town of Tumwater on the U.S.G.S. map "Seattle," T18N/R2W;
- (26) Then northwest along U.S. Highway 101 approximately 18 miles to its intersection with State Highway 3 at the town of Shelton, T20N/R3W;
- (27) Then northeast along State Highway 3 approximately 24 miles to where it crosses the Kitsap County line, T23N/R1W;
- (28) Then north along the Kitsap County line approximately 3 miles to the point where it turns west, T23N/R1W;
- (29) Then west along the Kitsap County line approximately 11 miles to the point where it turns north, T23N/R3W;
- (30) Then continuing west across Hood Canal approximately 1 mile to join with U.S. Highway 101 just south of the mouth of an unnamed creek (referred to in the petition as Jorsted Creek), T23N/R3W;
- (31) Then north along U.S. Highway 101 approximately 40 miles to the point where it turns west at the town of Gardiner on the U.S.G.S. map "Victoria," T30N/R2W;
- (32) Then west along U.S. Highway 101 approximately 32 miles to where it crosses the Elwha River, T30N/R7W;

- (33) Then north along the Elwha River approximately 6 miles to its mouth, T31N/R7W;
- (34) Then continuing north across the Strait of Juan de Fuca approximately 5 miles to the Clallam County line, T32N/R7W:
- (35) Then northeast along the Clallam County line approximately 14 miles to the southwestern tip of San Juan County, T32N/R4W:
- (36) Then northeast along the San Juan County line approximately 51 miles to the northern tip of San Juan County, T38N/R3W;
- (37) Then northwest along the Whatcom County line approximately 19 miles to the western tip of Whatcom County, T41N/R5W;
- (38) Then east along the Whatcom County line approximately 58 miles to the beginning.

[T.D. ATF-368, 60 FR 51899, Oct. 4, 1995]

§ 9.152 Malibu-Newton Canyon.

- (a) Name. The name of the viticultural area described in this petition is "Malibu-Newton Canyon."
- (b) Approved maps. The appropriate map for determining the boundary of the Malibu-Newton Canyon viticultural area is the U.S.G.S. map, "Point Dume Quadrangle, California" (7.5 Minute Series 1:24,000 Topographic map, photorevised 1981).
- (c) Boundary. The Malibu-Newton Canyon viticultural area is located in Los Angeles County, California. The boundary is as follows:
- (1) Beginning at the intersection of the Newton Canyon creek (lowest elevation) and an unnamed medium duty road referred to by the petitioner as Kanan Dume Road at the boundary of section 13 and 18 on the U.S.G.S. map "Point Dume Quadrangle."
- (2) Then south along Kanan Dume Road to the point where an unnamed, unimproved dirt road referred to by the petitioner as Ramerez Mountain Way crosses over Kanan Dume Road at the tunnel in the northwest corner of section 19.
- (3) Then east along Ramerez Mountain Way, following the southern ridgeline of Newton Canyon, to Latigo Canyon Road in the southwest corner of section 17.

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- (4) Then south along Latigo Canyon Road to an unnamed, unimproved dirt road referred to by the petitioner as Newton Mountain Way at the southern boundary of section 17.
- (5) Then northeast along Newton Mountain Way, following the south-eastern ridgeline of Newton Canyon, to an unnamed, unimproved dirt road referred to by the petitioner as Castro Mountain Way in section 16.
- (6) Then west along Castro Mountain Way, past Castro Peak, following the northern ridgeline of Newton Canyon to Latigo Canyon Road in section 18.
- (7) Then southwest along the natural ridgeline of Newton Canyon to the intersection of Kanan Dume Road and the 1,600 foot contour line in the southeastern portion of section 13.
- (8) Then southeasterly along Kanan Dume Road to the beginning point.

[T.D. ATF-375, 61 FR 29952, June 13, 1996]

§ 9.153 Redwood Valley.

- (a) Name. The name of the viticultural area described in this section is "Redwood Valley."
- (b) Approved maps. The appropriate maps for determining the boundary of the Redwood Valley viticultural area are four Quadrangle 7.5 minute series 1:24,000 scale U.S.G.S. topographical maps. They are titled:
- (1) Redwood Valley, Calif., 1960, photorevised 1975;
- (2) Ukiah, Calif., 1958, photorevised 1975;
 - (3) Laughlin Range, Calif., 1991;
- (4) Orrs Springs, California, provisional edition, 1991.
- (c) Boundary. The Redwood Valley viticultural area is located in the east central interior portion of Mendocino County, California. The boundaries of the Redwood Valley viticultural area, using landmarks and points of reference found on appropriate U.S.G.S. maps, are:
- (1) The beginning point is the intersection of State Highway 20 with the eastern boundary of Section 13, T16N/R12W located in the extreme northeast portion of the U.S.G.S. map, "Ukiah, Calif.";
- (2) Then north along the east boundary line of Sections 12 and 1 to the northeast corner of Section 1, T16N/

- R12W on the U.S.G.S. map, "Redwood Valley, Calif.";
- (3) Then west along the northern boundary line of Section 1 to the northwest corner of Section 1, T16N/P10W.
- (4) Then north along the east boundary line of sections 35, 26, 23, 14, 11, and 2 to the northeast corner of Section 2, T17N/R12W:
- (5) Then west along the northern boundary of Sections 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 to the northwest corner of Section 6, T17N/R12W:
- (6) Then 10 degrees southwest cutting diagonally across Sections 1, 12, 13,24, 25, and 36 to a point at the northwest corner of Section 1, T16N/R13W on the U.S.G.S. map, "Laughlin, Range, Calif.";
- (7) Then south along the western boundary line of Sections 1 and 12 to the southwest corner of Section 12, T16N/R13W:
- (8) Then 13 degrees southeast across Sections 13, 18, and 17 to the intersection of State Highway 20 and U.S. Highway 101, T16N/R12W on the U.S.G.S. map, Ukiah, Calif."; and
- (9) Then easterly along a line following State Highway 20 back to the beginning point at the eastern boundary of Section 13, T16N/R12W located in the extreme northeast portion of the U.S.G.S. map "Ukiah, Calif."

[T.D. ATF-386, 61 FR 67466, Dec. 23, 1996]

§ 9.154 Chiles Valley.

- (a) Name. The name of the viticultural area described in this section is "Chiles Valley."
- (b) Approved maps. The appropriate maps for determining the boundary of the Chiles Valley viticultural area are four 1:24,000 Scale U.S.G.S. topography maps. They are titled:
- (1) St. Helena, CA 1960 photorevised 1980;
- (2) Rutherford, CA 1951 photorevised 1968;
- (3) Chiles Valley, CA 1958 photorevised 1980;
- (4) Yountville, CA 1951 photorevised 1968
- (c) Boundary. The Chiles Valley viticultural area is located in the State of California, entirely within the Napa Valley viticultural area. The boundaries of the Chiles Valley viticultural